

Labelling If the bandage has been dyed, the label on the unit container, the label on the shelf container and the label on the outer transit container state the colour of the final bandage.

Crêpe Bandage

Crêpe Bandage consists of characteristic fabric of plain weave. The warp threads are of wool, with a count not finer than 30 tex and not coarser than 35 tex, and of twofold cotton threads with a count not finer than 59 tex crêpe-twisted to contain 21 folding turns per cm. The weft threads are of singles cotton thread with a count not finer than 30 tex. The warp threads are arranged one twofold cotton thread S-twist, two wool threads, one twofold cotton thread Z-twist, two wool threads, repeated, together with twofold cotton binding threads at each cut edge. The fabric is clean and reasonably free from weaving defects and contains not more than traces of leaf residue, seed coat and other impurities.

Crêpe Bandage may be dyed. It is in one continuous length with no joins and has fast edges.

For the purpose of this monograph the width is that portion between and including the fast edges of the unstretched bandage.

Fibre identification Complies with the tests for *cotton* and for *wool*, Appendix XX A.

Content of wool Not less than 33.3% when determined by Method 2 of British Standard 4407:1975 (Methods of test. Quantitative analysis of fibre mixtures).

Elasticity The fully-stretched length is not less than twice the unstretched length and the regain length is not more than two-thirds of the fully-stretched length, Appendix XX F.

Threads per 10 cm Warp: cotton, 54 to 66; wool, 108 to 132, Appendix XX C1, Method III; weft: 90 to 110, Appendix XX C2.

Weight per unit area Not less than 115 g m^{-2} , Appendix XX D1, Method I.

Water-soluble and ether-soluble substances Carry out the methods for *water-soluble substances*, Appendix XX M, Method II, and for *ether-soluble substances*, Appendix XX N. The sum of the values found is not more than 1.0%.

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Elastic Adhesive Bandage

Zinc Oxide Elastic Adhesive Bandage

Elastic Adhesive Bandage consists of a woven fabric, elastic in the warp, which has been spread evenly with an adhesive mass containing Zinc Oxide which does not offset when the bandage is unrolled. The warp threads consist of twofold cotton threads with a count after crêpe-twisting not finer than 45 tex, each containing not less than 17 folding turns per cm, arranged two threads S-twist, two threads Z-twist, repeated. The weft threads consist of (a) cotton or (b) viscose or (c) combined cotton and viscose yarn, with a count not finer than 70 tex. The fabric is clean and reasonably free from weaving defects and contains not more than traces of leaf residue, seed coat and other impurities. If the bandage is made with unspread margins, it has woven fast edges. The mass may be porous or permeable to air and water vapour. The bandage is in one continuous length with no joins.

Elastic Adhesive Bandage may be dyed.

For the purposes of this monograph the width is that portion between and including the fast edges.

Content of zinc oxide in the adhesive mass Not less than 10.0%, Appendix XX Q.

Elasticity The regain length is not more than 80% of the fully-stretched length, Appendix XX F.

Weight of adhesive mass Not less than 120 g m^{-2} , Appendix XX D3.

Fabric

Fibre identification After removal of the adhesive mass, complies with the tests for *cotton* or for both *cotton* and *viscose*, Appendix XX A.

Threads per 10 cm Warp: not less than 170, Appendix XX C1, Method III; weft: not less than 78, Appendix XX C2.

Weight per unit area Not less than 130 g m^{-2} , Appendix XX C2, Method II.

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Elastic Web Bandage

Elastic Web Bandage consists of characteristic fabric woven in ribbon fashion. The warp threads consist of twofold cotton threads with a count not finer than 10 tex and of rubber threads with a count not finer than 40's. The weft threads consist of cotton, or of combined cotton and viscose yarn, with a count not finer than 32 tex. The rubber warp threads are woven plain with groups of four weft threads;

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